

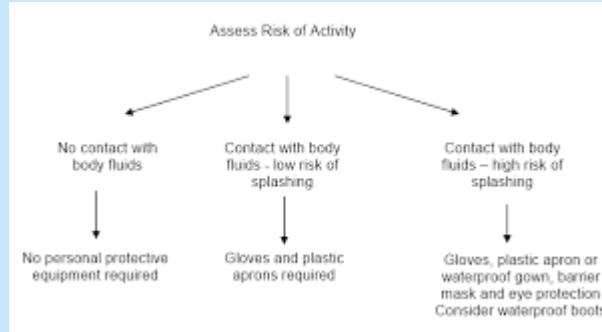
# Dealing with Body fluid Spillage

Patient safety relies on having a cleaning system that negates the risk of cross infection

There are a variety of spill kits available Practice's should have the necessary equipment for specific purposes. Always follow manufacturer instructions

Where it is impractical to use a specific spillage kit because of flooring, sand or sawdust can be just as effective in absorbing body fluid. Hypochlorite 10,000ppm for large spill of body fluid or 70% impregnated alcohol swab, or wipe for smaller spill.

Gloves and aprons should be worn for cleaning body fluid spillage. If using a disinfectant goggles or visor should be worn to protect from splashing into mucus membrane such as eyes



**Personal Protective Equipment at work Regulations 1992**

Personal protective equipment is provided for your health and safety and must be used

Defective equipment should be immediately reported to your safety representative

